

## **LR84-AR00-9      Court Building Security**

1. Everyone entering the Vigo County Courthouse, the Vigo County Juvenile Justice Center, the Vigo County IV-D Court located in the Community Corrections Building, and all other locations where a judicial officer of any of the Courts maintains an office or conducts court proceedings (collectively “the courtroom buildings”), must consent to a search of their person, including any package, briefcase, or purse.
2. If a courtroom building has more than one entrance/exit, the Courts may designate one or more of the entrances/exits to be used only for restricted purposes, as the Courts deem to be appropriate.
3. Unless exempt under Paragraph 6, below, everyone entering a courtroom building is prohibited from having any of the following in their possession when in the courtroom building:
  - (a) “Deadly weapon” as defined by Ind. Code § 35-31.5-2-86;
  - (b) “Electronic stun weapon” as defined by I.C. § 35-47-8-1;
  - (c) “Explosive” as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-125 & I.C. § 35-47.5-2-7;
  - (d) “Firearm” as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-133, I.C. § 35-47-1-5, & I.C. § 35-47-15-1;
  - (e) “Handgun as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-148 & I.C. § 35-47-1-6;
  - (f) “Knife” as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-180 & I.C. § 35-47-5-2.5(a) and (b);
  - (g) “Stun gun” as defined by I.C. § 35-47-8-2;
  - (h) “Taser” as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-324 & I.C. § 35-47-8-3;
  - (i) “Club”;
  - (j) and any other material that, in the manner in which it is used, could ordinarily be used, or is intended to be used, and is readily capable of causing serious bodily injury (as defined by I.C. § 35-31.5-2-292).
4. Anyone refusing to comply with this Order is to be denied entrance to the courtroom buildings.
5. Anyone violating this Order may be found to be:
  - (a) in direct contempt of court under I.C. § 34-47-2, if the violation occurs in the presence of a judicial officer; or
  - (b) in indirect contempt of court under I.C. § 34-47-3, if the violation is willful and occurs out of the presence of a judicial officer.

6. The following individuals are exempt from this order:
- (a) Any law enforcement officer appearing at any of the courtroom buildings on official duty is exempt. The term “law enforcement officer” is defined in I.C. § 35-31.5-2-185 as follows:
    - (1) a police officer (including a correctional police officer), sheriff, constable, marshal, prosecuting attorney, special prosecuting attorney, special deputy prosecuting attorney, the securities commissioner, or the inspector general,
    - (2) a deputy of the people listed in Paragraph 6(a)(1),
    - (3) an investigator for a prosecuting attorney or for the inspector general,
    - (4) a conservation officer,
    - (5) an enforcement officer of the alcohol and tobacco commission, and
    - (6) an enforcement officer of the securities division of the office of the Secretary of State.
  - (b) Any federal enforcement officer as defined in I.C. § 35-31.5-2-129 is a “law enforcement officer”. This includes a Federal Bureau of Investigation special agent, a United States Marshals Service marshal or deputy, a United States Secret Service special agent, a United States Fish and Wildlife Service special agent, a United States Drug Enforcement Agency agent, a Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives agent, a United States Forest Service law enforcement officer, a United States Department of Defense police officer or criminal investigator, a United States Customs Service agent, a United States Postal Service investigator, a National Park Service law enforcement commissioned ranger, a United States Department of Agriculture–Office of Inspector General special agent, a United States Citizenship and Immigration Services special agent, and any individual who is an employee of a federal agency and is authorized to make arrests and carry a firearm in the performance of the individual’s official duties;
  - (c) Indiana Department of Correction Officers,
  - (d) Community Correction officers,
  - (e) Judicial officers, and
  - (f) Probation officers.
7. Employees of the courtroom buildings may carry chemical spray devices for personal protection.

8. Any person listed in Paragraph 6 SHALL NOT BE EXEMPT whenever they or any member of their family is a party to any proceeding taking place. This does not include appearing in the individual's official capacity.
9. The statutes cited above may change from time to time. This local court rule shall automatically refer to the relevant statutes in effect at any given time.
10. Each Court reserves the right to create its own policies/rules in regards to the presence or use of cell phones, laptops, or any electronic device in the courtroom.